

AND NORTH YORK GENERAL INTELLIGENCER AND ADVERTISER.

VOL. X. NO. 20,

NEWMARKET, C. W., FRIDAY AUGUST 30, 1861.

WHOLE NO. 461

Business Directory.

John T. Stokes,
ARCHITECT, &c., &c., 25, St. James,
St. James, Jan. 25, 1856. (1-31)

T. Bishop & Son,
BRICK-LAYERS, Plasterers and Stone
Masons, Dealers in Lime, &c., &c.
Newmarket, May 17, 1857. (1-24)

A. Boulton,
BARRISTER, Solicitor in Chancery, Con-
veyancer, &c., Newmarket, Oct. 29, 1859. (1-36)

R. Moore,
BARRISTER, Solicitor in Chancery, At-
torney, Conveyancer, &c., Office in the
New Court House, next to the County Council
Office, Toronto, June 5, 1859. (1-37)

John R. Jones,
BARRISTER-at-Law, Solicitor in Chan-
cery, Conveyancer, &c., Office in the
Elgin Buildings, corner of Yonge and Adelaide
Streets, Toronto. (1-38)

North Richardson,
CONVEYANCER Land Agent, &c., &c.,
Office—Old Stand, Prospect St. Patents for
Inventions procured. (1-39)

William B. Sullivan,
BARRISTER and Attorney at Law, Soli-
citor in Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary
Public, &c., Office—No. 2 Toronto, second
door south of Post Office, Toronto, c.w.
November 4, 1859. (1-38)

James W. Seyors,
ATTORNEY at Law, Solicitor in Chancery,
Conveyancer, &c., Office—C. W. W. W.
Office—Adelaide St., opposite Court House.
August 2nd, 1859. (1-35)

T. H. Bull,
BARRISTER and Attorney at Law, Soli-
citor in Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary
Public, &c., Office—Fitch's Buildings, No.
25, North Side of Adelaide Street, East of
Yonge Street, Toronto, Oct. 11, 1859. (1-35)

Dr. Pyne,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucher, re-
siding in the public, that he has re-
moved to his new premises on Graham St.,
opposite the Woolen Factory, where he may
be consulted at all hours, except when absent
on professional business. (1-35)

Dr. Hackett,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, Accoucher, &c., &c.,
residence—Prospect Street, (Graham St.)
Newmarket. (1-36)

Dr. Hillary,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, Accoucher, &c., &c.,
residence—First Brick House North of St.
James, Aurora. (1-35)

Professional Notice.
DR. HUNTER has been appointed to
the infirmary of Newmarket, and sur-
rounding country, that he has resumed the
practice of his profession in all its branches.
Office at his residence, Timothy Street—Con-
sultation hours from 9 to 11 o'clock, A.M.
Newmarket, May 17, 1859. (1-14)

Walter B. Gekke, M. D.,
LICENTIATE of the Medical Board of Up-
per Canada, and recently one of the Med-
ical Officers of this Toronto General Hospital
and Professor of Anatomy and Surgery in Dr.
Rogers's Medical School, has returned to
Toronto, and is now residing in the
Yonge Street, where he may be consulted at
all times, on the various branches of his pro-
fession. (1-14)

R. Ramsey, M.D., M. Edinburg,
GRADUATE (with honors) of the Uni-
versity of Queen's College, Kingston, C. W.
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher.
RESIDENCE—BROADWAY, C. W.
May 22nd, '61. (1-15)

Hides! Hides! Hides!
THE Subscriber is prepared to pay CASH
for hides.
THOMAS NIXON.
Newmarket, Dec. 20th, 1858. (1-43)

International
LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF LONDON,
CAPITAL—Half a Million Sterling.
ROBERT H. SMITH, Agent.
Newmarket, Nov. 3, 1859. (1-41)

John T. Stokes,
COMMISSIONER for taking Affidavits in
the County of York and the County of Simcoe,
C. W. and York and York, Conveyancer, &c., &c.,
Toronto, C. W. (1-16)

Wm. Motley,
CONVEYANCER and Land Agent, Com-
missioner in the Queen's Bench, Office on
Yonge Street.
Aurora, 25th May 1855. (1-17)

John Saxton,
WATCH and Clock Maker, Main
Street, Newmarket. All kinds of
Watches and Clocks repaired in
order and warranted.
Newmarket, Sep. 9, 1859. (1-32)

Bible Depository.
BIBLES and Testaments can be had at So-
phie's prices, upon application to So-
phie, at the Bible Depository, opposite Rail-
road Hotel, Newmarket. (1-16)

George B. Hotchkiss,
WAGON, Carriage and
Bligh Maker, Main
Street Newmarket. All or-
ders executed with dispatch.
Newmarket, Feb. 6, 1855. (1-50)

Dr. Bentley,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucher,
Newmarket. Office—Water Street, West
of Main Street.
Feb. 20, 1857. (1-3)

Albion Hotel,
EAST MARKET SQUARE,
TORONTO.
J. SMITH, Proprietor.
Toronto, December 19, 1859. (1-45)

Business Directory.

Dr. McCullum,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucher—
Residence, Mount Albert, Township of
East York, Ontario.
August 1st, 1861. (1-35)

C. Mortimer,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucher,
Aurora. A fresh supply of Drugs, Chemi-
cals, Medicines, &c., &c.,
Aurora, March 16, '60. (1-35)

RAILROAD HOTEL,
NEWMARKET.

Mrs. J. Forsyth, PROPRIETRESS.
Omnibus to and from Cars, Free.
Newmarket, March 27, 1861. (1-37)

COMMERCIAL HOTEL
(LATE MAY'S OLD STAND.)
BY HENRY CROXON.
HOLLAND LANDING.

THESE premises have lately been thor-
oughly renovated and re-fitted for the accom-
modation of guests, and a careful hostler
always in attendance.
Holland Landing, March 16, 1860. (1-35)

"Marksman's Home,"
BY McCLELLAN,
HOLLAND LANDING.

THIS Hotel is now the only fitted up for
the accommodation of guests, and is at-
tached to one of the best Public Rooms in the
Village.
Holland Landing, March 22, 1860. (1-35)

JAS. MCCLURE,
Licensed Auctioneer
For the United Counties of York and Peel.
Office—Charges Moderate. (1-35)

H. Noble, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucher,
C. W. W. W.
Feb. 23, '61. (1-35)

T. H. Ince,
BARRISTER and Attorney at Law, Soli-
citor in Chancery, Notary Public, &c., &c.,
Office—York Chambers, opposite the
Post Office, Toronto, C. W. (1-35)

WELLINGTON HOTEL,
AURORA.

Geo. L. Graham—PROPRIETOR.
THIS Hotel is beautifully situated near the
Aurora Station, and is recently been re-
fitted for the accommodation of guests.
A careful hostler always in attendance.
Aurora, April 2, 1861. (1-35)

Magistrate's Blanks
OF all descriptions, on hand for sale. Apply
at the NEW YORK OFFICE.
Newmarket, June 9, '61. (1-35)

Geo. Wallace,
BARRISTER, Solicitor in Chancery, Con-
veyancer, &c., &c., Office in the
Newmarket, May 17, 1859. (1-35)

R. B. Joy,
BARRISTER, Solicitor in Chancery, Con-
veyancer, &c., &c., Office in the
Newmarket, Nov. 15, '60. (1-35)

Dr. D. E. Seymour,
HOMOEOPATHIC Physician, Office—
West side Main St., near the New Era
Building, Newmarket, C. W.
July 7, '59. (1-35)

Benj. Pearson,
COMMISSIONER in the Queen's Bench,
C. W. and York, Conveyancer, &c., &c.,
Office on Yonge Street.
Aurora, May 2, '61. (1-35)

S. M. Jarvis,
BARRISTER and Solicitor in Chancery,
Toronto, Ontario. Branch Office—
Newmarket. Has removed his office from
Main St. to Ontario St., Newmarket, where
the business will be conducted as usual, by
Mr. J. L. Crompton.
Newmarket, April 4, '61. (1-35)

Matthews & Maclean,
PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS
AND CROCKERS.
FRONT STREET, TORONTO.

ADVANCES made on FLOUR,
GRAIN, HOGS, BUTTER, or other
produce, consigned to us, or to
David E. McLean & Co., Montreal.
Dec. 14, 1859. (1-45)

E. D. Rogers,
JOINER & CARPENTER.
IN returning thanks for the liberal patronage
conferred since commencing business in
this place, would respectfully intimate that he
is prepared to contract for the
ERECTOR OF BUILDINGS,
of all descriptions, and furnish materials or
otherwise, as may be required. He keeps
constantly on hand, a good supply of Boards
and Doors. All orders executed with neat-
ness and substantial manner and dispatch.
Newmarket, Sept. 21, 1857. (1-31)

Old Established Black Bull Inn,
No. 225, QUEEN ST., TORONTO.

JOHN PURDY,
PROPRIETOR.

J. P. WOULD particularly invite gentle-
men to call and examine his Toronto
residence, as he has secured an experienced
and reliable agent, who will be glad to
attend to all business connected with the
place, and every accommodation for board.
TERMS EXTREMELY MODERATE.
Toronto, Jan. 22, '61. (1-32)

Wrapping Paper!
JUST RECEIVED, a good supply—from
2500—Main Street, at the
NEW ERA OFFICE.
March 1, 1861. (1-45)

Business Directory.

SIMPSON and HUNSPAUGH,
No. 35, King St. East, Toronto.
IMPORTERS, Wholesale and Retail Dealers
in Drugs, Chemicals, &c., &c.
Patent Dryer, Zinc Paints, Artists' Materials,
Essences, Patent Medicines, Fancy Goods,
Perfumery, &c., &c., &c.
August 2nd, '60. (1-35)

J. W. KEETCH,
Watch and Clock Maker.
FROM ENGLAND.
Begs respectfully to announce to the citizens of
NEWMARKET.
And surrounding country, that he has opened
a shop, in the building adjoining Mr. Hotch-
kiss's Wheelright Shop, where he hopes by
strict attention to business, and
LOW CHARGES
To merit and receive a share of public pa-
tronage.
Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, and all
kinds of Fancy Articles carefully repaired and
warranted.
The best reference can be given on appli-
cation.
Newmarket, Nov. 16, '60. (1-40)

Newmarket Iron Foundry.
JAMES ALLAN begs to return thanks for
the patronage and kind notice he has re-
ceived from the Citizens of Newmarket, and
surrounding country, since he has opened
his shop, in the building adjoining Mr. Hotch-
kiss's Wheelright Shop, where he hopes by
strict attention to business, and
LOW CHARGES
To merit and receive a share of public pa-
tronage.
Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, and all
kinds of Fancy Articles carefully repaired and
warranted.
The best reference can be given on appli-
cation.
Newmarket, Nov. 16, '60. (1-40)

Dentistry!
DR. S. N. PECK,
SURGEON DENTIST.
RESPECTFULLY announces
that he will be in
Newmarket, the first three days of each
month.
BROADWAY—The 6th and 8th of May, July,
September, November, January,
March, May, and the 1st of the same
months. When he will be most hap-
py to wait upon those who require
his services in any of the
BRANCHES of his PROFESSION.
Graciously and operation previously war-
ranted.
Dr. S. N. P., for the future intends to work
cheaply than any other Dentist in the Pro-
vince.
Teeth inserted on Gold or Silver Plate or Vul-
canized Rubber.
Teeth extracted with the least possible pain,
and particular attention paid to the Regulation
of Children's Teeth.
Newmarket, May 5th, '60. (1-12)

DENTISTRY!
W. C. ADAMS, D.D.S.,
Surgeon Dentist, 39 King Street East,
Toronto, C. W.

**Particular attention given to the regu-
lation of Children's Teeth. Consultation
free, and all work warranted.**
"Dr. A. has turned his attention to the im-
provement of his profession in all its branches,
and can supply the profession with Teeth,
Gold, Vulcanized Apparatus, and Vulcan-
ized Rubber, and the best filling filling.
Several Teeth inserted on Gold, Silver, or
Vulcanized Rubber, with Continents (Gums,
Teeth, &c.) and all work warranted. All
work warranted to give entire satisfaction.
Toronto, May 23rd, '60. (1-35)

**Tooth Extracted Without Pain,
BY THE USE OF ELECTRICITY.**
BY DR. E. C. EDMONDS,
SURGEON DENTIST.
WHO will be at the NORTH AMERICAN
HOTEL, Newmarket, the 1st Tuesday
of each month.
SUNDAY—First Wednesday in each month.
BROADWAY—First Thursday in each month.
BROADWAY—2nd and 5th of each month.
Teeth inserted on Gold, Silver, or Vulcan-
ized Rubber.
All operations in his profession, performed in
the most approved manner, and warranted.
Residence—Aurora, C. W.
Aurora, Nov. 4, '59. (1-35)

V. W. TAYLOR,
VETERINARY SURGEON.
Member of the Royal College of V.S.
[Returning thanks for the liberal patronage
conferred since commencing business in
this place, would respectfully intimate that he
is prepared to contract for the
ERECTOR OF BUILDINGS,
of all descriptions, and furnish materials or
otherwise, as may be required. He keeps
constantly on hand, a good supply of Boards
and Doors. All orders executed with neat-
ness and substantial manner and dispatch.
Newmarket, Sept. 21, 1857. (1-31)

Alfred Willson, Jr.,
Civil Engineer, Conveyancer and Accountant,
NEWMARKET, C. W.

**PLANS and Specifications of all kinds of
Engineering structures promptly and cor-
rectly prepared. Docks, Mill-races, Levees,
Aqueducts, &c., &c., drawn on short notice.
Books, Plans, and Estimates—Office at the
residence of Dr. F. M. M. M.,
Newmarket, July 10th, 1861. (1-32)**

HAV'N'T VAMOSED!
E. SPENCER
[Returning thanks for the liberal patronage
conferred since commencing business in
this place, would respectfully intimate that he
is prepared to contract for the
ERECTOR OF BUILDINGS,
of all descriptions, and furnish materials or
otherwise, as may be required. He keeps
constantly on hand, a good supply of Boards
and Doors. All orders executed with neat-
ness and substantial manner and dispatch.
Newmarket, Sept. 21, 1857. (1-31)

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J. P. WOULD particularly invite gentle-
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place, and every accommodation for board.
TERMS EXTREMELY MODERATE.
Toronto, Jan. 22, '61. (1-32)

Wrapping Paper!
JUST RECEIVED, a good supply—from
2500—Main Street, at the
NEW ERA OFFICE.
March 1, 1861. (1-45)

Poetry.

A GOOD ADVICE.
Ho! ye who start a noble scheme,
For general good designed,
Ye workers in a cause that tends
To benefit your kind:
Make but the path you sail would lead,
The game you mean to play,
And if it be no honest one,
Keep steadfast on your way.

Although ye may not gain at once
The point ye most desire,
Be patient—Time can wander work—
Plead on, and do not tire;
Obstacles, too, may crowd your path,
Yet blinch not, fear not, cry:
Yet blinch not, fear not, cry:
Then drop out on your way.

The while the work for you to do,
Stand not despairing by,
Let "forward" be the motto ye make,
Let "onward" be your cry;
And when success crowns your plan,
"Twill all your pains repay.
To see the good your labor's done—
Then drop out on your way.

Literature.
Singular Mode of Courtship.

The Rev. Dr. L.—an eminent
Scottish divine, and professor of theology,
was remarkable for absence of mind and in-
difference to worldly affairs. His mind
was wrapped up in lofty contemplations,
and could seldom stoop to the ordinary busi-
ness of life, and when at any time he did
attend to secular affairs, he generally went
about them in a way unlike any body else,
as the history of his courtship will show.

He was greatly beloved by his
congregation, and full of simplicity
and sincerity, and entirely unacquainted
with the etiquette of the world. Living
the solitary, comfortable life of a bachelor,
his elders gave him frequent hints that his
domestic happiness would be much increased
by his taking to himself a wife, and
pointed out several young ladies in the con-
gregation, any one of whom might be a
fit match as a companion for him.

The elders finding all their hints had no
effect in rousing the doctor to the using of
the means preliminary to entering into a
matrimonial alliance, at last concluded to
wait upon him and stir him up to the per-
formance of his duty. They urged upon him
the advantage of marriage—its happiness
—spoke of it as a divine institution, and
as affording all the enjoyment of sense and
reason, and in short, all the sweets of do-
mestic life. The doctor approved of all they
said, and apologized for his past neg-
lect of duty on account of many difficult
passages of Scripture he had to late been
studying, and promised to look after it
the first convenient season.

The elders, however, were not to be put off any longer;
they insisted on the doctor at once making
up of the means, and requested from him
a promise that, on Monday afternoon,
he would straightway visit the house of
a widow lady, who had three pretty daughters,
and who were the most respectable in the
doctor's congregation.

To solve any difficult passage in the
book of Genesis—reconcile apparent dis-
crepancies, or clear up a knotty text,
would have been as easy and agreeable
task to the doctor, compared with stir-
ring the widow's premises. But to the
raising of the seige the doctor must go,
and with great gravity and simplicity, gen-
tle reader, you may imagine you see him
commencing the work.

After the usual salutations were over, he
said to Mrs. W.:
"My session have of late been advising
me to take a wife, and recommended me
to call upon you; and as you have three
fine daughters, I should like to say a word
to the eldest, if you have no objections."

Mrs. W. entered, and the doctor, with
his characteristic simplicity, said to her:
"My session have been advising me
to take a wife, and recommending me to
call upon you."

The young lady, who had been some
thirty summers, was not to be caught so
easily; she laughed heartily at the doctor's
simplicity; binted to him that in making
a sermon, was it not necessary to say
something first to introduce the subject
properly before he entered fully upon it?
and as for her part, she was determined
not to surrender her liberty at a moment's
warning—the honor of her sex was con-
cerned in her standing out. "This was all
a waste of time to the doctor, and he re-
quested to see her sister.

Mrs. W. then entered, and to save
time the doctor said:
"My session have been advising me to
take a wife, and I had been speaking to
your sister who has just gone out at the
door, and as she is not inclined that way
about you, would you think of it?"

"Oh! Doctor, I don't know if it is a
serious question. Marriage, you know
bonds one for life, and it should not be
rashly entered into—I could not consent
without taking time to deliberate upon it."

"My time," says the doctor, "is so
much occupied, and my session has said
so much to me on the subject, that I must
finish it to-day, if I can; so you had best
tell your mother to send in your youngest
sister to speak to me."

In a moment comes the honest, lively
Miss Mary W., who was thus addressed
by the doctor:
"Come away, my child, it is getting on
in the afternoon, and I must go home to
my studies. I have been speaking to both
of your sisters on a little business, and they
have declined—I am a man of few words,
and without my speaking precious time,
what would you think of being made Mrs. L.?"

"Indeed, I always thought a deal of my
doctor, and if my mother does not say
against it, I have no objections."

The doctor left Miss Mary in a few
minutes, enjoying her to fix the day, for
any would suit him, but to send him word
the day before.

The doctor was scarcely home before a
keen dispute arose in the family between
the three young ladies, each one claiming
the doctor. The eldest one said she would
not be made to her, and she did not pos-
sively refuse. The second one declared
that she wished only a little time to think
upon it; and the younger insisted that it
was completely settled with her. "The
mother of the young ladies was in such dif-
ficulty with her daughters, that she was
obliged to call upon the doctor himself to
settle the dispute. She called, and the
reverend doctor in his characteristic way
said:

"My dear Mrs. W., I am very fond of
peace in families; it is the same thing
to me, which of them; and just settle it
among yourselves, and send me up word."

The doctor was married to the youngest
and one of his sons is at this day a res-
pectable clergyman in the "Land of the
mountain and the flood."—St. Louis
Bulletin.

The Canning Will.

A wealthy old lady had a nephew and
niece, and a more distant relative a young
nephew; these were the only persons to whom
her property would descend by law, when
she should die. The first two al-
ways made a great show of affection
when they visited her, which was but
seldom, although she wished that one of
them might live with and care for her in
her old age. But neither would consent
to this, and she therefore employed the
young lady as servant. "The old lady
was very pious, and spent much time in
reading, and her young companion
liked nothing better than to read to
her from her ever-ready pages. She was
faithful in her duties, not merely because
paid for, but she was sincerely attached
to her mistress, and delighted to promote
her comfort.

In time, the old lady died; after the
funeral according to custom, a lawyer
came to open and read the will in presence
of the surviving relatives. It ordered
all her possessions to be divided into three
parts. The first portion was to consist of
the house and lands surrounding it; the
second of the furniture, plate and jewelry
of which there was a large quantity,
and the third was the old Bible which had
afforded her so much happiness in life.
It was further directed that the nephew
should have the first choice of his portion,
then the niece, and then the young lady
should have the remaining part. The
nephew instantly chose the house and
farm, which was valuable, saying in a
sneering tone—"The old lady was not to
be fooled by pretending devotion, she well
knew who were her friends!" meaning
the nephew. The niece equally indignant
said—"Since I have loved the old
Bible so well, of course I will prefer
it should leave it to her, and I will there-
fore take the furniture and plate." The
young lady only replied on receiving the Bi-
ble, "I am content; this book is to me
a treasure, and I find in it more than
wealth can give."

When all was over, and Janet retired
to her room, she turned at once to her
Bible, to find some passage that might
soothe her wounded feelings. What was
her astonishment to find laid between its
leaves, bank notes amounting to more
than a hundred thousand dollars, which
had been placed there on the day of the
old lady's death, and which made up the
bulk of her fortune! So you see how in
this instance, greediness outwitted it-
self, and true devotion was abundantly
rewarded. Janet forgot though, that
Janet would have been happier with her
book alone, and a contented heart, than
the others could possibly be while they
cherished the evil feelings of avarice and
jealousy.

A Cinnamon Plantation.
A cinnamon plantation somewhat re-
sembles a luxuriant laurel copse, as the
bushes are, by constant pruning, not al-
lowed to exceed twelve or fifteen feet in
height, except those that may be required
for seed; and these will occasionally at-
tain the height of thirty or forty feet, the
trunk of the shrub measuring from eight-
teen to twenty three inches in circumfer-
ence. The propagation of the *Laurus*
cinnamomum is conducted with facility,
by cuttings, plants, and roots if transplanted
with caution, alike thriving in an appro-
priate soil, the depth of a pure quartz
sand, which, to the extent of an inch or
less, is fine and moist sugar, and perfectly
white; it then assumes a gray tinge, and
in some of the mountainous districts, hy-
pers of black moss are found immediately
under this species of sterile sandy soil.
It is remarkable, that although white ants
infest and abound in all cinnamon planta-
tions in the island, these destructive in-
sects do not injure the bushes in the
slightest degree; and is a proverb with
many of the Cingalese, that, to have a
thriving plantation of cinnamon bushes,
four planters are requisite, namely—
"plenty of sun, plenty of white ants, and
plenty of water." The foliage of the laurel
is thick and of a dark shining green,
when arrived at maturity, but when
young, the leaves are exquisitely beauti-
ful, as their color then is a pale yellowish
green, striped with bright red; from the
old leaves a fragrant oil is distilled, which
the natives use for medicinal purposes,
and which is applied by us to many uses.
The cinnamon blossom is pure white, and
scarcely the fruit or berry is seen, and
small, the hue of which, as it ripens,
gradually changing from green to purple,
and from this is obtained, by boiling, a
substance like wax, which is frequently
used in candles, and these emit an
agreeable perfume whilst burning. Some
concoction large tapers made from this
wax were found by our troops in the
King of Kandy's palace. The species of
the inner bark of the shrub, and in order

Foreign & Colonial.

The Toronto Freeman.
A CIRCULAR LETTER FROM MR. MOORE,
M.P.

"MY DEAR SIR,—As I was instrumen-
tal in enlisting the support of several
friends in your neighbourhood for the
Toronto Freeman, I take this means of in-
forming you of facts which have lately
transpired, in reference to that newspaper,
and which, in the interests of public jus-
tice, you are at liberty to communicate to
any one you please, on my authority.

When the types and subscription list of
the *Catholic Citizen* were purchased,
in 1859, it was in order to suppress that
most objectionable paper, which had used
the cloak of religion for all the commonest
purposes of partisan warfare. The funds
by which this purchase was made were, in
part, contributed by some personal friends
of mine, and the prospectus of the new
paper, of which I was one. When the
question arose as to the Editor, I sug-
gested the name of Mr. J. G. Moore,
teacher of Guelph, and at my suggestion
he was sent for. When the arrangements
for transferring the *bonus* to the new
editor and publisher were far enough ad-
vanced for action, it was proposed to bind
the editor under some penalty, to adhere
faithfully to the non-partisan clause, and
other conditions of the Prospectus; but I
resisted any such stipulation being impos-
ed, because I contended that with the ex-
ample of the *Catholic Citizen* before his eyes,
his best guarantee for the new editor's in-
dependence would be found in his own
interest.

At two subsequent periods, I again
interposed, as you know, to obtain aid for
the journal, without which, I was assured
it could not possibly go on; once when
Mr. Mallon, the original partner of Mr.
Moyle, was bought out, and his share
transferred to the latter gentleman, and
again under the threatened criminal pro-
secution of the Orange Grand Master, Mr.
Hillyard Cameron.

I refer to these facts, simply and so-
berly to show that I had some right to
claim from the *Freeman* the insertion of my
letter of reasonable length, written over my
own signature, and for every sentence of
which I, and not the editor, would be ne-
cessarily responsible. During the past two
months, once before and once since the
general election, I made such a request.
In the former case my letter to Mr. Ma-
cdonald of Kingston, was withheld three
weeks under one pretext or another, and
more recently a temperate and measured
disclaimer of any participation in the re-
cent electioneering tactics of the *Freeman*
was, after a fortnight's detention, return-
ed to me; with a note, as deficient in can-
dor as it was barren of gratitude. The
substance of the communication thus sup-
pressed, is all that I will trouble you with,
in order that you may fully understand
the turpitude of his conduct. It was
entitled, "A Short Address to the Readers
of the *Toronto Freeman*," and would have
filled a column and a half, perhaps, of that
journal. It contained five paragraphs. The
first briefly alluded to my well known
public interest in the *Freeman*; the second
referred to the concealment towards the
Reform party of which I had been an
advocate in the House of Assembly; and
the *Freeman* one of the organs in the
press; the third deprecated in mild but
explicit language the sudden desertion of
that policy; without sufficient public ex-
posure, on the immediate one of the
general election; the fourth and fifth il-

New Advertisements.

North York Agricultural Society.
Whitcomb, Ag. Society.—John Silburne.
Glorious News.—Wm Thompson.
Grocery Wanted.—A. Ferguson.
Now is the time to buy.—R. Boyd & Co.
Servant Girl Wanted.—Newmarket Era.
Apprentice Wanted.—Newmarket Era.
Card.—W. Leadbetter.

Train Time—Newmarket.
To connect on Monday September 2nd.

Moving South.
Express Train do. 6.42 a.m.
Mail Train do. 6.26 p.m.
Moving North.
Express Train do. 9.10 a.m.
Mail Train do. 6.00 a.m.

The Newmarket Era.

Newmarket, Friday, August 30, 1861.

General Summary.

Sharon illumination and feast, in connection with the Children of Peke, will take place, week from to-day and to-morrow. The announcement will be found in our advertising columns.

As some few corrections have been made in the figures of the advertisement announcing the sale of Lands for Taxes, we would advise all concerned to again examine the list carefully. The sheet presented today has been carefully revised with the list in the *Advertiser's* office.

A letter of recent date from Virginia warns the tobacco growers of the North against its use, as the Southern are poisoning it to kill off Northern abolitionists. They appear to be profiting by the lesson taught them in China when the Celestials poisoned their rice.

The *Leader* announces that Mr. WATKIN, representative of the English Directors of the Grand Trunk, and Mr. WARD, of Boston, have been appointed to the Canadian Board of Directors in the places, respectively, of Mr. T. G. RICE and Mr. PARR McLELLAN, deceased.

We direct special attention to the advertisements, calling meetings of Directors of both the County and Whitcomb Township Agricultural Societies. By reference to the latter, it will be seen that parties desirous of making entries to compete for Root Crops, should do so on or before the 14th proximo.

The Union Sabbath School, 3rd Con. of Whitcomb, held a Tea-Party on Saturday, Sept. 7th. After refreshments are served, a number of dialogues and other performances will be received—pieces sung, and addresses delivered, appropriate to the occasion. Tea will be served at one o'clock, p.m.

A hearing of the injunction, case in reference to the Town Hall, takes place on Tuesday next. During yesterday, we understand a certificate was signed by a majority of the resident rate-payers, disclaiming any sympathy with the action at law, and approving of the course pursued by the Council. This majority proves what we before stated, that a majority of the village was in favour of a Hall.

FIRE.—We regret to learn that during the fearful storm which passed over this section of country on Tuesday evening last, the barn of Mr. ROBERT TAYLOR, of the 3rd Con. of Whitcomb, was struck by lightning and burned. He succeeded in extinguishing it, but a portion of the barn and also a Threshing Machine; but a quantity of Wheat, Barley and nearly all his crop of hay, was consumed.

Rifle Association.—By a report which appeared in the *Globe* of Wednesday last, we learn a meeting of the 5th Military District Rifle Association was held on Tuesday, in the Court House. During the proceedings, Liver-Cut JAMES informed the meeting that applications had been made for the formation of Rifle Companies in Newmarket, Aurora and Bradford. We have since learned that A. ROBERTSON, Esq., has been in correspondence with the proper authorities, and received assurances of the most favourable character to reply.

Another Advance Required.

The *Sherbrooke Gazette* of the 3rd inst., remarks: "The Hon. Mr. GALT, we are happy to say, has so far returned from his lameness, as to be able to leave town for the rest of the Government. He departed on Thursday morning in the Prince of Wales Car, a special train having been sent for him."

When we copied the foregoing paragraph, some time ago, as a simple matter of news gossip, its deep significance did not strike us—the import of the second clause, indicating the intimate connection subsisting between the Government and Grand Trunk, was lost sight of in the announcement that the Hon. Finance Minister had "so far recovered" as to assume the duties of his department. But just look at it again: "a special train" is sent to convey Mr. GALT to the seat of Government, and nothing short of the "Prince of Wales Car" will do the Hon. gentleman. These special trains cannot be run without cost to some one; and the question is—who pays? Does Mr. GALT pay the expenses of these special arrangements? Not a bit of it; and as moving straps upon the water indicate the current, so these "little" intimations furnish the key to unlock the secrets of Grand Trunk mismanagement and Government sympathy and connection. It is said, that if any member of the Administration desires to travel over the line a special must always be in readiness; and if the Company have ever been so obliging, is it any wonder, notwithstanding all that has been advanced, they should again be knocking at the door of the Treasury Department for another advance of seven and a half millions of dollars? So long as the connection exists, just so long the Company will be required to maintain "specials" for Government Gentry to pander to their pride and vanity, and just so long demand after demand will continue to be made, to meet such reckless and extravagant mismanagement.

It is now publicly announced, that the Company have sent a representative to Canada (Mr. WATKIN), with instructions to urge for a new advance of seven and a half millions of dollars. He has lately been elected a Director in the Canadian Board, and—these "special trains," "Prince of Wales Cars," &c., &c., furnish us, fear, but too conclusive evidence of the

process of his mission, in so far as the Government is concerned. Should the MORRISONS, ROBINSONS, CRAWFORDS, and FRANKSONS of the House be induced, for a mass of postage, to look with pitying eyes, upon their scheme, on doubt the advance will be made, and a new mortgage given to the London Bankers upon the farms of our Canadian yeomanry; but if otherwise, and the people's representatives honestly do their duty, Mr. WATKIN and the Grand Trunk will seek relief in vain, while the connection between the Government and the Company will forever be severed, and the country gradually rise above the grievous burdens under which she now labours. Haste, happy day!

King Council.

Aug. 27, 1861.

The above Council met this day at Hulse's Hotel, Lloydsdown Road. All the members present—the Revere, J. P. Wells, Esq., in the chair.

Minutes of last meeting read and confirmed.

The Revere then stated, that agreeably to instructions given at the late special meeting, the Committee appointed to investigate the Reserves in City Debitures, proceeded to Toronto and visited the Chamberlain. After some little trouble, they succeeded in purchasing Debitures to the value of \$4,600—due in four years—interest, payable half half yearly. With regard to the business before them to-day, the principal thing was the levying of rates for school purposes and other general expenses of the Municipality, and appointing Collectors for the current year.

The Revere and other members of Council then presented a number of petitions from Trustees of School Sections Moved by Mr. Thompson, seconded by Mr. Davis, that the Council do now resolve itself into Committee of the Whole on the petitions presented; also for the purpose of levying an Assessment to meet the contingent expenses of the corporation for the current year.—Carried.

In Committee a By-Law was drafted providing for levying an assessment upon School Sections, in accordance with the majority of petitions above referred to.—The following amounts were filed in the By-Law:—

School Section	No.	1	the sum of
do	2	U. with W. pro.	\$200
do	3	do	100
do	4	do	50
do	5	do	40
do	6	do	30
do	7	do	20
do	8	do	10
do	9	do	10
do	10	do	20
do	11	do	20
do	12	do	20
do	13	do	20
do	14	do	20
do	15	do	20
do	16	do	20
do	17	do	20
do	18	do	20
do	19	do	20
do	20	do	20
do	21	do	20
do	22	do	20
do	23	do	20

The Committee also adopted a By-Law providing for levying rates for Township purposes in blank:—

Mr. Moore moved, the blank be filled with \$1200.

Mr. Wells considered that amount would be a fair one, and the Council agreed to it. It was Mr. Moore's idea that before the money would be required, over and above \$1200, we would be obtaining funds from the sale of lands for taxes; but this would not be at their disposal until after the next meeting of the County Council. He would move an amendment to fill the blank with \$1400—this would then be between \$300 and \$1400 less than last year.

Mr. Moore agreed with the remarks of the Revere, as to the desirability of meeting promptly all demands against the Corporation; but their whole estimates for the year would only be \$1400 and it was not likely these drafts would be made until after next January. Then, when they considered the assessment for school purposes were high, and the crops light, he thought they had better put off claims not pressing, if presented, and assess for the lesser amount.

Mr. Webb said, that for all the difference it would make, they had better assess for \$200 more, and meet all demands. Mr. Thompson thought not, and would vote for \$1200.

On the motion being put the amendment for \$1400 was declared lost, and the original motion adopted.

The Committee then rose, and the Council passed both By-Laws through their final readings.

On motion the Revere then left the chair for one hour.

AFTERNOON SESSION.
Business resumed. All the Council present.

Mr. Moore presented an account from Mr. L. LORGE, constable, for the sum of \$4.75, for service rendered.

Mr. Webb moved, seconded by Mr. Davis, that the above account be paid.—Carried.

Mr. Thompson asked leave to introduce a By-Law to divide the Township into two divisions, for the purpose of collecting, and to appoint collectors.

The Council then went into Committee of the whole on the same; Mr. Moore in the chair.

The blanks in the By-Law for the names of the collectors were filled with—for the southern division, John Phillips of the 5th line; and for the northern division, Mr. Joseph Lynn.

The Committee then rose, and the By-Law was read a third time and passed.

Moved by Mr. Davis, seconded by Mr. Webb, that when this Council adjourns it do stand adjourned till the 13th of Nov., then to meet at Mr. Lawrence's Hotel, Loxley.—Carried.

Mr. Davis moved, seconded by Mr. Thompson, that Mr. Hillborn be heard at the bar of Council.

Mr. Hillborn said last year he was path-master, and he was compelled to take action against a man for obstructing the highway. He does so on the advice of the Deputy Revere of last year. The action was carried to Toronto and they failed to sustain the conviction. As a consequence, costs had been incurred, but he had no objection to lose his time, but as the road was a public one, he did not feel it right for him to lose the costs. The question turned upon whether this was a public highway. It runs upon private land, at a junction where the public road allowance is impossible. After the Council had consulted over the matter a little, it was concluded that they had better let it rest until the case was settled.

Mr. Moore moved "That the Revere be, and he is hereby authorized to make such arrangements as will secure half-yearly

the interest of the money still in the hands of the late Treasurer, and in the event of his being unable to make those arrangements, to take legal proceedings against the said Joseph Wood, for the collection of the principal." He moved this resolution from a deep sense of his obligation to the public whom he served, and not from any private motive. Mr. Wood was equitably and honourably entitled to make this good. He had had ample time to recover since the difficulty of 1857, and to lodge longer would be misplaced sympathy. If interest was paid yearly upon the amount in his hands, the taxes to schools would be lighter. He knew the argument that Mr. Wood was acting for the best when he met this loss; but he was responsible for that act. The money was either owing to the Council, or it was not. Besides, Mr. Wood had stated that unless he could collect this sum he was not legally bound to pay. The money had been drawn from the Bank of Upper Canada, and placed in the hands of a private banking institution. During the time Mr. Wood had these funds in Mr. Brett's Bank he treated it as a running account, and instead of there being \$8,000 at the time of the failure, there was only \$2,000. He was not actuated by any but the kindest feelings; but he was determined to do his duty. It would only take about one-third of his yearly salary—a sacrifice he felt it was Mr. Wood's duty to make.

Mr. Webb said that with respect to the charge of receiving twelve per cent for the use of the Township funds: The Trustees of Aurora had applied, being embarrassed circumstances, for a loan of these funds. He told Mr. Irwin that he could not loan these funds; but if the Revere or Council had no objection, he would let him have it. Mr. Phillips told him to do so—only \$100, or perhaps \$300. On this, when the money was paid, he told them that he did not charge interest; and Mr. Irwin said "we would have to pay it to some one," and gave it to him.

Mr. Moore said he did not make a charge, he only made a statement of what he had heard. If Mr. Wood would fall in with the spirit of the resolution, he had no desire to press it.

Mr. Webb said the Council knew his position, and they might act as they thought proper.

The resolution was not seconded, and finally dropped.

Mr. Davis moved, seconded by Mr. Moore, that the Inspector be authorized to employ legal proceedings against Mr. Wooten, in case he appeals against the decision of the Magistrates.—Carried.

After some further desultory conversation in reference to the question started by Mr. Moore about the Reserve money, who said all the resolution asked was just and equitable.

Mr. Wood replied by intimating that he was not prepared to make any acknowledgement, and thereby run the risk of being pushed in case of the election of an adverse Council. Besides, every action he took, the Council of that day approved; and if he had only said "give me your views in writing" instead of taking them verbally, the members of that Council would then be liable and not him. He wanted to know if the matter had been placed in that position, if this Council would have been so ready to force the payment?

Mr. Moore replied—they could suppose for any length: he wanted to know if Mr. Wood did not admit the justice of the claim, and if so, all he asked was the appropriation of about one-third of his salary.

After some further conversation, the subject dropped, and the Council adjourned.

Northern R. Road Pic Nic.

The employees of the above Railroad held their annual Pic Nic, in the grove adjoining the village of Newmarket, on Saturday next, a train having been generously placed at their disposal by the obliging Superintendent. The Committee have secured the service of Beaver's full brass and quadrille band, for the occasion.

The train will leave Toronto at 8 o'clock, a.m., and arrive at Newmarket about ten. A train will also come from the North.

We are sorry notice was not received of their intention a day or two sooner, in order that arrangements might have been made for a hearty welcome. As it is, we hope the villagers will give them a fitting reception.

Death of Wm. Lyon Mackenzie.

The Toronto papers of yesterday announce the death of Wm. Lyon Mackenzie, who breathed his last about half-past eight on Wednesday evening. Notwithstanding his faults, he has accomplished much for his adopted country: while his life of party in the administration of affairs his zeal for economical government and his desire to advance the best interests of the people of Canada, will endure his memory to this and—Mr. Mackenzie was in the 67th year of his age.

Correspondence.

WE wish to distinctly understand that we are not responsible for the opinions of our correspondents.

To the Editor of the Newmarket Era.

Sir—In a late number of your valuable paper, dated the 9th inst., I find a reply to the article which I directed to you concerning horse-racing &c., at Mount Albert.

I feel it to be a waste of time and paper to notice so far and abroad a communication as that of your correspondent. But for fear my silence may be misconstrued, I will take the liberty, with your permission, to refer to his "visions."

The "Visionary" is certainly a true philosopher, inasmuch as he has taken great pains to pare, very amply, his way before him, by giving your readers to understand that no further notice will be taken of him, or of any other who may be so kind as to write to him in the future. He undoubtedly did his reason; he will know that the column in which he has taken refuge would be added to a column, and that for folks who live in glass houses, it is not wise to throw stones. The "Visionary" is certainly a true philosopher, inasmuch as he has taken great pains to pare, very amply, his way before him, by giving your readers to understand that no further notice will be taken of him, or of any other who may be so kind as to write to him in the future. He undoubtedly did his reason; he will know that the column in which he has taken refuge would be added to a column, and that for folks who live in glass houses, it is not wise to throw stones. 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White's Patent
Insulated Metallic or Galvanic Sales

THIS article certifies the legal authority of my sole Agent, for the Counties of Birmingham and Grey, to sell my Patent Rights for the manufacture of the

Standard Malleable Electric or Galvanic Sole;

For Boots and Shoes. Patented 14th March 1850, by GEORGE D. BELL, Esq. and sole proprietor for the County of York.

(Signed.)

GEORGE W. M. WHITE.

The subscriber begs to state, that he is now prepared to supply all orders for the above

PATENT GALVANIC SOLES.

On all the Rights to Manufacture the same. For the prevention of Damp or Cold Feet, stands unrivalled, and is considered a strong

CURE FOR RHEUMATISM

Swollen or Tender Feet. Many testimonials have already been received as to their efficacy. The Soles may be purchased of **JOSEPH GARNAM, Utilitarian Store, Newmarket** or of the subscriber.

THE CASES BELOW:

The Subscriber to the following Testimonials are parties well known in this vicinity. Their complaints are as follows:—

Mr. Jas H. Willson of Sharot; Rheumatism of eight years standing, having worn the Soles for two weeks is positive of having received permanent relief. **Mr. Brooks Dentist** at parallel road, has long standing Rheumatism. The effect on her complaint to be the same as Mr. Willson, but to have worn them so long cannot appear

case was different; she having pains in her shoulders and chest; her sleep at night much disturbed. She has received complete relief. Mrs. John Graham was an extreme case, and all we can say of her is she is slowly improving. All I can say of those similarly afflicted, call and see the parties for yourselves.

CHARLES D. HILL

White's Patented Galvanic Solor, and has no hesitation in recommending them to the public.

Mrs JAS. H. WILLSON.
BROOKS DENNIS.
RACHEL WETHERILL
JOHN GRAHAM.
MR. C. P. REYNOLDS.

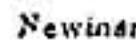
Stock introducing the above listed local the undersigned has been daily receiving thousands as to their extensive benefits - of which are sufficient testimony - they will know, and we have no doubt they will see can be placed, the public, are respectively urged to enquire of them for themselves.

Newmarket, August 3d; 1867

For nearly two years I have been afflicted with this disease, and have tried all kinds of medicine, but without success. I feel now better than I did for many months.

I have used the galvanic soles for about
days and at the present I am free from pain.
Also, Mrs Kermott, has been afflicted with
pain in her left side for sixteen years, since
has worn the galvanic soles she has been
from pain, she was likewise troubled with
cramp in her feet from which she is now
free.
EDWARD KERMOTT
Albena, August 6th, 1866

with regard to White's Patented Galvanic
Sole "I feel warranted in recommending it
to the public, having been afflicted with Rheu-
matism for a number of years I have for
perfect relief from the use of them and at last
well and erer I have been in that respect,
Yours, &c.,
JOHN V. WILSON
Newmarket, August 7th, 1886
This is to certify that I have used "White's
Patent Galvanic Soles" both for myself and
my family and feel warranted in the recom-
mending them to the public for the relief of
"disorders arising from Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel,
&c."
J. L. KRIEGER
CHAS. D. HILL, Proprietor,
Newmarket, July 25, '86.

Northern Railway of Canada

ON and after MONDAY, JULY 25th,
Trains will run as follows:—
TORONTO:
LEAVE. ARRIVE.
Mail - 7 00 a.m. Express - 10 40
Express - 4 10 a.m. Mail - 8 30
COLLINGWOOD.
LEAVE. ARRIVE.
Mail - 5 00 a.m. Mail - 1 04
Express - 3 00 p.m. Express - 3 40
Mail Train leaving Toronto at 7 a.m.,
meets with very steamer *Henry Moly*, on
the coast of New Brunswick, and

Lake to Orillia and return in time to be met with Mail South same evening to Toronto. Mail Train also connecting with the *Chippewat* at Chillingworth, for Thoraburg; Jordan, Cape Kirk, and Owen Sound.

J. LEWIS GRANT,
Superintendent.

Northern Railway Office,
Toronto, July 27, 1881.

DUGALD CRAWFORD
THE
PEOPLE'S GROCERY
AND PIONEER OF
REDUCED PRICES

THANKFUL for past favours, begs to call the attention of the readers of the *Advertiser* to some tempting lots of
NEW TEAS,
SUGARS,
CONDENSED MILK,

RICE,
CURRENTS,
RAISINS,

Which he is now daily receiving, and
he offers at the following prices :—
Refreshing Breakfast Fooding 2s. 3d. a
Scotling Breakfast Fooding 3s. 3d. a
per lb.
Exhilarating Breakfast Fooding 4s. a
N. B.—This week we open a new
very superior Young Hyscox Tea at 2s. 6d.
per lb., worth at the least 3s. 3d. and 4s.
We recommend our friends to buy large
quantities of this tea, as really a good one
and cannot be replaced at anything like
money.

Wine Sack Tobacco, 11 pings for 6s.
Figs Bright Sweet, 35s per
Look out for your Presby

Currents from 35s per
Go deva Syrup from 2s. 4d per gallon
Argosse hie 22 1/2 lb., for One Doz

per Acre, and no oil.
DUGALD CRAWFORD,
Corner of Yonge & Agincourt
Toronto, July 3, 1901.

Valuable Farm for Sale

THE undersigned offers for Sale, at a low price, a valuable farm in the Township of Ingersoll, containing the South Half of Lot No. 18, in the 2nd Range of the 2nd Concession, situated between the Grand River and Gifford Station on the Northern Ontario Railway—about one mile from each. It is all about

70 ACRES CLEAR

Well fenced, and under good cultivation. There is a House, with an excellent Farm-house, and other outbuildings erected on a first-rate Orchard in bearing condition; place is well watered—a living stream runs through the farm.

For particulars apply to Robert Jenkinson, 1000 Yonge Street, or to the undersigned, on or after the 1st of August.

tor at Newmarket. Terms Easy.
REUBEN ROBINSON
July 3rd, 1862.

DEFERRED NEWS.

Oil Wells in Upper Canada.

The Montreal Gazette contains the following extract of a letter from Sir John A. Macdonald, dated the 21st July, by T. S. Hunt, Esq., and minister to the Geological Society, on the subject of the Enniskillen oil wells. "If the produce continues anything like what it is at present, there is no doubt that a large addition to the wealth of this Province is to be made through this new found element of production."

"The late discoveries in the oil region, in Black Creek, in Enniskillen, are very remarkable. Besides a great number of surface wells, i. e., wells dug from 40 to 60 feet to the depth of the rock of the country, and yielding many of them large quantities of oil, there are now numbers of wells bored in this rock to depths varying from 40 to 200 feet. In sinking these through the soft limestones and marls of the Hamilton group, irregular fissures affording oil are met with at varying and uncertain depths, but yield petroleum in quantities unexampled on the continent. The most remarkable of these wells have been opened within the last ten days, and furnish oil with considerable quantities of gas, but without any water. Some which have been opened a week (July 30) have afforded from 200 to 400 barrels of pure oil; and a c. extracting this amount the well has fled up again in a few hours to the surface, and is flowing over into the adjacent creek. It is impossible to say what amount of oil these wells would furnish if wrought continuously, but the supply seems to be enormous. Meanwhile, there is no market for the oil, and many thousands of barrels are stored up in tanks and pits awaiting purchasers. A plank road is about to be made to Wyoming station, on the Great Western Railway, thirteen miles distant. It is hoped, from recent information from England, that a good market for the oil will be opened there. The results of the last ten days in this region have surpassed the dreams of the most sanguine as to the supply of oil, and judging from present appearances the wells of Enniskillen will rival those of Borneo and Persia, which have for centuries supplied the East with petroleum."

"It is worthy of remark that the oil wells of Canada are in a much lower geological formation than those of Ohio and Pennsylvania. These rise for the most part from the Upper Devonian limestones, which, with perhaps the addition of the Silurian limestones, we conceive to be the source of petroleum both in Canada and the adjacent States. It is evidently connected with the undulations subordinate to the great anticlinal axis which we have traced through Western Canada, and which permit the accumulation of the oil elsewhere diffused through the rocky strata."

Reform Dinner in Stratford.

The Reform electors of Perth gave a Public Dinner to their new member, the Hon. H. M. Foley, in the Town Hall, Stratford, on Thursday last. We are indebted to the report of the Globe for the following particulars: "The gathering was very large, numbering at least over a hundred, more than three times the number guaranteed to the hotel keeper by the Committee, and more than double the number expected by the most sanguine. As an expression of public feeling, it shows, notwithstanding the small majority by which Mr. Foley was returned through the Hon. H. M. Foley, Hon. Adam Ferguson, Mr. McDougall and Mr. T. D. McCre." After the usual loyal toasts, came the toast of the evening, to which Mr. Foley replied at considerable length. The next toast was 'The Opposition Members of the Legislative Council,' replied to by the Hon. Adam Ferguson. Then followed 'Her Majesty's loyal Opposition in the Legislative Assembly,' replied to by Messrs. McDougall, Stirling and McCre. In the course of his address Mr. McDougall took occasion to allude to the cry of looking to Washington, so constantly brought against him, and to show that when he used the words which have been so much misinterpreted he had spoken of that as a danger and an evil to be avoided. He claimed that the Opposition are the true loyal party, because they sought to remove evils in the Canadian Government and to restore to the people the rights to which as British subjects they are entitled.

Mr. McCre spoke of the success of the Opposition in Lower Canada; they had said, gained three constituencies and lost six, thus having a clear gain of ten. He spoke strongly in favor of a check being placed upon the expenditure, and said that he could give a hearty support to no government which did not at the outset give such a check. He thought that Lower Canada would be willing to meet Upper Canada half way upon the representation question, and that with proper guarantees, mutually agreed upon, Lower Canadians would be found willing to adjust that question satisfactorily. "The next toast was 'The new members of the Legislative Assembly; Messrs. Beath, Cowan and Dickson,' responded to by the gentlemen named."

Then followed 'The electors of Waterloo,' Mr. Foley, and 'The Ladies of Canada,' all of which were appropriately responded to. The meeting broke up after one o'clock, with cheers for the Queen, the Opposition and Mr. Foley.—*Banner.*

STOFFVILLE.—We paid a visit to the above-named Village a few days ago, and were rather surprised to find the many improvements made in that place since our last visit, about a year ago. Amongst them we notice that A. Von Buschke has erected and put in operation a large roller factory, the machinery of which is driven by steam. Also a splendid brick building, a private residence, belonging to Mr. E. Winner. Mr. Wm. Leary, Merchant, has erected two very nice dwelling houses, and Mr. H. Voke has built a new 'barnery,' in which he is doing quite an extensive business. The spacious Tavern, known as 'Hoyers,' has been purchased and is now worked by an enterprising firm.—*Advertiser.*

MEADESIDE.—There is a new Orange Hall now in course of construction, and will be finished in a few weeks. We are always pleased at seeing country villages improve, especially the one of our nativity.—*Observer.*

WE learn that Mr. Lindsay, editor of the Toronto Leader, has been celebrated to abandon his editorial duties in consequence of ill health. Mr. G. Sheppard, we believe, is now editing the Leader.

Amusement.

"I say Pat, what are you about—sweeping out the room?" "No," answered Pat, "I am sweeping out the dirt, and leaving the room."

A young gentleman who had just married an undersized beauty, says she would have been taller, but she is made of such precious materials that nature could not afford it.

A gentleman rode up to a public house in the country, and asked, "Who is master of this house?" "I am, sir," replied the landlord; "my wife has been dead about three weeks."

The Rev. Rowland Hill used to ride a great deal, and by exercise preserved vigorous health. On one occasion when, asked by a medical friend what physician and apothecary he employed, he replied, "My physician has always been a horse, and my apothecary an ass."

A proprietor of a cotton mill, who is something of a philosopher, posted upon his factory gate the following notice: "No cigars or good looking men admitted. When asked for an explanation he said, 'The one will set a flame among my cotton and the other among the girls. I won't admit such inflammable and dangerous things into my establishment.'"

THE THATCHED HEAD.—A few years ago a venerable and esteemed missionary came to England from the South Sea Islands, and being rather bald, some kind friends provided him with a wig. Upon his return to the island, the chief and other natives welcomed him, and after the usual salutations, one of them said to the missionary, "You were bald when you left, and now you have a beautiful head of hair; what amazing power the English are! How did they make your hair grow again?" "You simple people!" replied the missionary, "How does everything grow? It is not by sowing seed?" They immediately shouted, "Oh these English people, they sow seed upon a bald man's head to make the hair grow!" One shrewd fellow inquired if he had brought any of the seed with him. "The good missionary carried on the joke for a short time, and then raised his wig. The revelation of his 'original head' of course drew forth a roar of laughter, which was greatly increased when one of the natives shouted to some of his countrymen who were near, 'Here, see, Mr.—has come from England with his head thatched!'"

SCOTCH WIT.—A little boy had lived for some time with a very perurious uncle, who took good care that the child's health should not be injured by over-feeding. The uncle was one day walking out, the child at his side, when a friend accosted him, accompanied by a greyhound, while the elders were talking, the little fellow, never having seen a dog of so slim and slight a texture, clasped the creature round the neck with the impassioned cry: "Oh, doggie, doggie and die ye like my uncle, tae, that ye are see this?"

THE HORSE SHOE. Pat Fogarty went all the way from Manchester to London to thrash Mick Fitzpatrick, which he did, winding up the performance with the assistance of an 'awful horse shoe.' He was detected, and brought before Mr. Justice Simpkins.

A part of the examination is annexed: Court.—Well, sir, you came here from Manchester, did you not? Pat.—Your Honor has answered correctly. Court.—You see the complainant's coat; it was cut by a sharp instrument. Do you know what cut it? Pat.—Ain't your Honor after sayin' that a sharp instrument did it? Court.—(becoming testy)—I see you mean to equivocate. Now, sir, you cut that head—your came here to cut it, did you not? Now, sir, what motive brought you to London?

Pat.—The locomotive, your honor. Court.—(wringing warmly)—Equivocate again you scoundrel, (raising up the horse shoe and holding it before Pat)—do you see that horse shoe, sir? Pat.—It is a horse shoe, your Honor. Court.—Don't you tell it is, sir? or you blind? Can you not see it cut that it is a horse shoe?

Pat.—Begar! no, your Honor. Court.—(angrily)—No? Pat.—No, yer Honor? but can yer self tell!

Court.—Of course I can, you stupid Irishman. Pat.—(solicitously aloud)—Oh! glory to goodness; what education is, yer honor. Sure a poor ignorant creature like meffil wouldn't know a horse shoe from a mare's.

AMUSING INCIDENT. A minister was travelling in the back woods, and stopping at a cabin, entered on his mission of mercy. The lady of the house (she being the only one present, and rightly judging of his errand), when she perceived him, and seeing that he was a minister, began to weep, and to utter incoherent words, and to hold the book with the letters reversed; or in other words, upside down. After the usual courtesies, the minister inquired of what she was reading.

"Oh, 'bout the old prophets," was the evidently self-satisfactory response. "It is very edifying to read of the sufferings and death of Christ," said the minister.

"And so that good man is dead—is he?" asked the matron, evidently getting interested.

"Certainly he is."

"Well, that's just the way. I've been at John a long time to take the newspapers, but he won't. Everybody in the world might die, an' we not get to hear a bit 'bout it?" said the woman, in a rapid tone.

"Ah, woman! you are in the dark," said the preacher, with elongated face.

"Yes, I know we are. I've been at John a long time to put a window in the far end of the house, but he won't do that either."

"I perceive you are weak in knowledge."

"I know that I'm weak, and I guess if you'd had the biffoos, you'd been taken 'Dr. Ayer's Sarsaparilla' and Catarrh Pills as long as I have, you'd be weak too!" replied the woman, in rather an angry tone of voice, and half an octave higher than usual.

FOR SALE.

THESE being offered for sale the farm, formerly owned by the late Henry Lawrence, deceased, it being composed of the South West quarter of Lot 22, in the 5th Con. of White County, containing 80 Acres of which are cleared.

And under good state of cultivation. There is a well of water and a log house on the premises. For particulars apply to the undersigned, on Lot 22, in the same Concession, at the residence of COMELY RANDALL, Executor.

Whitechurch, July 4, 1881. (1-21)

Farmers Attention!

Look to Your Own Interest!

IF you want to separate Oats from Spring Wheat—Oats from Peas, and Wheat from all other kinds of Grain, buy one of D. LUSK'S PATENT Combined Ginning Mills & Blowers.

Admitted by all who have used them to be superior to any mill now in use. Call and see them at the Shop on Water Street, near the Bridge, before selecting elsewhere. DAVID LUSK, Newmarket, June 20, '81. (1-19)

REMOVAL.

W. DIETERLE, Watch & Clock Maker, Jeweler &c., BEGS respectfully to announce that he has removed to the premises to long occupied by Mr. Thomas Nixon directly opposite the North American Hotel, and is now prepared to execute all orders with dispatch he is favored.

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c., neatly repaired and Warranted. Constantly on hand, a general stock of JEWELLERS' GOODS!!

Mrs. DIETERLE. WOULD announce to the Ladies of Newmarket, and vicinity that having made large additions to her Millinery Stock, Embroidered Caps, Flowers, Cloaks, &c., she is prepared to supply her customers with the most fashionable of the latest styles, on the most reasonable terms. A CALL RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED. Goods made up to order on the shortest notice. Newmarket, May 16, 1881. (1-14)

WOOL! WOOL! 40,000 LBS. WOOL WANTED for the Northern Woolen Mills in exchange for the Genuine Canadian Cloth, Tweeds, Blankets and Flannels. Shop, near Simpson & Trent's. E. SPENCER, Tailor, Agent. Newmarket, June 27, '81. (1-20)

PURE BLOSSBURG COAL. TO BLACKSMITHS. CONSTANTLY ON HAND a large stock of Pure Blossburg Coal—Imported direct for sale cheap. Coal yard, shipping Mr. McMaster's Store, Water Street, Newmarket. E. L. IRWIN, & Co. Newmarket, June 26th, 1881. (1-20)

MONEY SAVED Is Money Earned.

THE undersigned, in returning thanks to his numerous friends and customers for past favors, respectfully informs them that having recently enlarged his store and very much INCREASED HIS STOCK, He will offer work at the following greatly reduced prices: Men's French Calf Boots, from \$1.00 to \$1.50; Men's Kip Boots, " 3.25 to 3.75; Men's Calf Boots, " 2.25 to 2.75; Men's Calf Boots, " 1.75 to 2.25; Women's Calf Boots, " 1.50 to 2.00; Women's Calf Boots, " 1.25 to 1.75; And a great variety of children's and Misses Shoes, from 25c. upwards. Farmers' Produce Taken in Exchange! Don't forget the "Old Stand"—Sign of the BIG BOOT! Opposite the North American Hotel, (Main Street, Newmarket, B. LEE, April 18th, 1881. (1-10)

LOCK, STOCK AND BARREL! THE undersigned being desirous of disposing of his village property, offers FOR SALE ON REASONABLE TERMS, That well known business stand lately occupied by the New Era Printing Office, with Garden Plot, and all the appurtenances. DWELLING HOUSE, On Mill Street, with every necessary convenience attached, at present occupied by this property will be sold cheap for cash, or on terms.

Exchanged for Farm Land. As the proprietor has a large family and would prefer residing in the country. ALSO, 33 ACRES, Adjoining the Village, well situated, having a commanding view of Newmarket and the harbor, and under a good state of cultivation; together with Twenty Acres of Bush Land, Situated within three miles of the above lot (Title Indisputable). To say in no disparaging manner the above property affords a rare chance. J. JOSEPH WOOD, Newmarket, May 22nd, 1881. (1-16)

Farmers, Attention! EXAMINE THE LATEST IMPROVED FANNING MILL!

BEFORE buying any other Fanning Mill—considered by competent judges to be the best constructed mill in the Canadian public for separating Oats from Spring Wheat, Peas from Oats, and for cleaning, in fact, all kinds of grain. This mill stands unrivalled, in its class, in the following style: 1. Emb. Leather, March, Edges, Gilt, \$3.75; 2. Emb. Leather, March, Edges, Gilt, \$3.75; 3. Emb. Leather, March, Edges, Gilt, \$3.75; 4. Emb. Leather, March, Edges, Gilt, \$3.75; 5. Emb. Leather, March, Edges, Gilt, \$3.75; 6. Emb. Leather, March, Edges, Gilt, \$3.75; 7. Emb. Leather, March, Edges, Gilt, \$3.75; 8. Emb. Leather, March, Edges, Gilt, \$3.75; 9. Emb. Leather, March, Edges, Gilt, \$3.75; 10. Emb. Leather, March, Edges, Gilt, \$3.75; 11. Emb. Leather, March, Edges, Gilt, \$3.75; 12. Emb. Leather, March, Edges, Gilt, \$3.75; 13. Emb. Leather, March, Edges, Gilt, \$3.75; 14. Emb. Leather, March, Edges, Gilt, \$3.75; 15. Emb. Leather, March, Edges, Gilt, \$3.75; 16. Emb. 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